

DRAGON USER



The independent Dragon magazine

April 1988

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Editorial

GLANCING at last month's editorial, I observe nostalgically that the splendid overview is now several weeks behind me. I am otherwise well, thank you. If you were wondering where all the snow was this winter, it's presently lying ten feet deep on the southern Alps, but I am reported here shortly, I understand.

Back to reality. I hope you all have your Macchee. Sorry we're late. The issue was actually ready a bare six days later than usual, but too late for the printers to offer their schedule for us yet again. It arrives as I write this. Bob Henle would like you to know that the KLIK utility costs only £14.95, and not £14.14.95 as stated, and I will adjust you again not to forget the Desert 18 how-on April 1988 (enquiries to John and Helen Penn on 04200 5970), the climax of the Dragon year to many Dragoners.

This month we have a long CAD program for engineering hobbyists — in reply to the constant demand that CAD programs usually cost a fortune and need an Apple Mac, and reviews of two new games which have caused a fair bit of excitement already.

UTOP PRESS: 02 9 Beer Group organizer Mariya Ferraro has suddenly ceased contact. They are seriously worried. Any information, please send as BSE to Service Unit, 38 Stonebridge Drive, Kent Link, Loughborough, Leics LE11 1UP.

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How to submit articles

The quality of the material which appears in Dragon User each month will be a very good one, but depends on the quality of the discoveries that you can make in your Dragon. The Dragon computer was founded on to the market with a powerful version of Basic but with very poor documentation.

Articles which are submitted to Dragon User for publication should not be more than 2000 words long. All submissions should be typed. Please leave wide margins and a double space between each line. Programs should, wherever possible, be computer printed on plain white paper and be accompanied by a tape of the program.

We cannot guarantee to return every submitted article or program, so please keep a copy if you want to have your program in a permanent record in a different reference system.

Letters

This is your chance to air your views — send your tips, complaints, and comments to Letters
Page, DragonUser, 12-13 Little Newport Street, Luton, a MK4 1NP

Bad news letter

PLEASE could you help me over a problem I am having concerning Ashton's recent newsletter which was given away at the Cosh Show, where I went to see Dragon there with the club I am in.

While looking round the show I happened to fall upon a newspaper called News from the Dragon, edited by A. Reed and others.

After reading the mag I wanted to read more of the mag like this, so I did an enquiry and sent them off to the value of the postage for each mag I wanted. I sent off money for about four magazines. I only received one other mag whilst the rest is empty because it has helpful hints on programs and games.

I have sent off a couple of letters but have had no reply. Can any readership help me over this?

Devin Dales
164 Oak Road
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Derham DT1 5UH

MSD's-produced magazines come and go at a rate which makes even trade computer magazines look stable. If anyone connected with the enterprise News from the Dragon is reading this, please get in touch with McGee.

Small magazines usually fold due to subscription poverty and over-optimism on the part of the proprietors, rather than any plot to deprive people of their money and stamps. I would advise readers never to send away for more than one magazine at a time, and not to take out subscriptions until you have the magazine in a bank record. The only safe Dragon mag recommends are Dragon Update, BM Micro-quest and the OS-1 Users Group; and I personally never advise anyone to expect miracles.

Programmer wanted

I AM a comparatively new Dragon user. I am hoping to use my Dragon 32 to record the many things at work. (all I am

Every month we will be shelling out a game or two, courtesy of our suppliers, to the readers who send the most interesting and entertaining letters. So send us your hints and your opinions, send us your tips and suggestions. Send us your best Dragon stories. What if you think we are, mind readers?



The answer to the question of life . . .

I HAVE owned a Dragon 32 for five years. I also have a Dragon 32 with 64K memory fitted to it by a friend who seems to be an expert. I have never been a bit of controversy about several subjects and as a Dragon enthusiast with a wide knowledge of things computerish, I will try to clarify the problems.

The complaints seem to be mostly about 1) power supplies, 2) software support, 3) 64K games support.

One at a time, then. Power supplies. In all the 5 years of Dragon ownership my machine has NEVER gone down. The power supply just switch on at all work perfectly. Apparently many manufacturers do break down and the replacements are not cheap. However, if like me you have a Dragon 32 with 64K memory, the power supply is inadequate. This leads to the voltage regulation over-heating. This leads to the adjacent video monitor getting warm. This gives unwanted loss of colour and even picture (many people complain about colour).

The truth is that people who use substantial software houses are entrepreneurs who are trying to make a living, even if they started for love. Every time they put an imaginative effort into a pioneering market rather than an expanding one, they are effectively subsidising it out of their own pockets. For this reason, many companies pull out of small markets whilst the market is still showing upward health.

I can't think it's fair to

also be treated as a victim to the video circuit which is very annoying until using other devices, introducing these circuits should show many advantages on both sides. Since he is the power supply guru these days, he may recommend you buy one of his. After all he won't if he thinks it won't do the job — will he?

Software support. No Microsoft. Quickbasic will go under if they continue to charge high prices. Reason software will (possibly) do well in short, software will be written by small companies who are mostly exclusive to the Dragon.

The B&B sector is not Microsoft related to fund. Owners of some offer 1 for games too long for a Dragon 32. According to them, there is little enough in the Dragon market without taking it but this is made up by all the major software houses.

Imports. We all read about the £40 per game shocker. Microsoft imported Shock-wraps converted it and sold

was problem enough to write my own program.

Do you know of anyone who could possibly write a program for me (or a financial consultation of course)?

Alan Matthews
14 Granville Close
Aurford, Kent TN20 3HL

Some of the DU readers are very good programmers and I hope someone who feels able to write (or sell you) a overnight coding program for the 32 will get in touch. Have a word with Bob Harris and one or two other Dragon suppliers as well.

1) Games. Even in Paper, Action, Adventure, Gaming, Chess, Micro-quest, etc. when all being said, it is a shame that the thing is not better. Microsoft don't import them because they are making a Dragon 32. The problem is not to import good (real) games but perfectly ok with small alterations but import tax, licensing etc. Only a large company can afford all this. Therefore would be used funds. There is some excellent software in America but it is not so easy to sell it. Even if we imported and licensed it we would have to sell at about £10 a shot to recover our losses. I think many writers will write and say 'yes I am paying £10', but if I need advice on profit and revenues might be disappointed.

Best wishes for the Dragon. I will be happy to answer all doubtful readers' queries by the above advice.

Michael Edwards
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Weymouth Garden City
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family. Utilities are slightly different but of the, but the same underlying principles apply.

As you point out, most of Microsoft's games are conversions from other sources, so that development costs had already been incurred before the game ever hit the Dragon market. Your estimate of the approach to selling software is based on the Dragon market. In some situations of how much money is involved

The same old bug

I enjoy reading every Dragon issue from beginning to end and always find something interesting. My Dragon 54 with two slot drives (and SuperDisk) has been fastened to breathe some life into my daily activities such as writing letters, invoices, accounts, doing mathematics, etc. etc. etc. etc. most of which are my own programs.

There is one bug, however which Quibus is common with pretty well all other electronics and computer magazines, which is that a published program very rarely works first time. The reason is usually a small inaccuracy either somewhere along the line.

An excellent example of this has crept into the February issue on page 55 the long multiple choice Line 150 should read: 150 IF=517652175-10047475. Only then the program works. And I must confess, it took me several evenings until I realised when I had a sudden flash of inspiration. I think the reason was that on

running the incorrect program (filled with L3 error in 145, not 132) it just shows that even a short program is not as easy as all this is understood fully.

J. Segersma
Hill College
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High Wycombe
Bucks HP12 3AB

American 'color's

I might be able to shed light on a couple of problems. Firstly, Peter Wetherill's word processor was designed to target Dragon/PC80. I shall not name our Customer DCS. I shall write to Peter on the subject and what follows is his advice.

Like the tape version of the program, to save text and to save, then save the strategy game to disc using "SAVE" "STRATEGY" "000". "STRATEGY" "000" "PC80/PC80" "000". This saves the whole program on compact disc. Then, to save the program and "PC80/PC80" is the text will load with a Peter's address less than 1000 words. Can.

bridge. It appears that Peter has totally missed away from the area, and our attempt to bring him back proved futile.

The second point relates to monitors then acquired a few months with your definition when using the test screen or H1 as green screen. I'm better off with a TV monitor when you use the black and white display (as with item 42) and available on ECT's definition to print sharp and accurate text. It is possible that the VDO (being made for the American market) puts out a red/white/blue signal as opposed to the red/green/blue signal that we use. This would also explain the lack of an RGB output. There was a company called Papadakis in Australia advertised that they would send details on how to convert your display to black and white for one point. All they got for me was correct my point to my point and I heard no more.

I hope this helps. Now all I need is a cable to make Chroma Adapter run on a black and white display.

Ran G. Smith
35-Grace Road
Deal Kent CT14 6AD

my unofficial technical department says that, while it's theoretically possible to create full colour additively from magenta/cyan/yellow light sources (these are the secondary colours used additively in full colour printing), in practice the primary additive colours, red, green and blue, are used universally in television, and are not affected by the different colour transmission standards used in different countries. (British PAL is in fact an upgrade on American NTSC). Put another way, if the VDO has a separate output available, it will be an RGB output.

Unless, of course, the whole system works like the fourier transformers camera in Terry Pratchett's *The Colour of Magic*.

In all probability the Dragon is supplying the low monitor with an unbalanced colour output. The colours have to be fed in in different proportions to give a uniformly bright display in colour. Your display will certainly be defective with the fuzzy

However, I shall have to leave it to somebody else to reveal the solution.

Crossword

The 5th Dragon Crossword takes an easy lead with crossword 100 for circulating from the glorious history of Dragon games. And we have the results from crossword 99, the fantastic five placed up on the mat, were Paul Frost and of Lichfield who serves is shopping left a mile long and Richard Moss or Blackpool who doesn't want a pardon game.

There will be a couple of free tapes from the Editor's Magic Bottomless box for the first correct answers to each month. You can even try to get us which tapes you'd like in an ideal world. It all depends on what we can find.

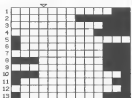
And you don't have to cut up your Dragon over either — answers can be written out on a postcard or a plain piece of paper as long as we can read them.

1. Steel a chopper from unusual earth coast patch (5,6)
2. The fellow with the money? (7)
3. Grab like anything about German war game (8)
4. Scrambling around in a 191 flyer (8,3)
5. Barmy but genuine to get really pure food? (8,7)
6. A more bad to stop a mess in by? (4,4)
7. Water green up to make callie by away? (5,7,3)
8. Sounds like a walking defect from ancient Greece? (7)
9. No-topper with twisted top — the cow jumped over it? (4,8)
10. A doom quiz about a famous campologist? (6)
11. Handle rock to show one will let you in on a top? (8,6)
12. Fearless Russian who reads that rag before (5,3,4)
13. Soccerers in combat? (6,3)



by Terry and Derek Probyn

All this month's answers are names of Dragon software. When the crossword is complete, the column marked with an arrow will spell out a phrase.



Two is company

Program: Spy Against Spy
Supplier: Publisher
Price: £9.95 (inc)

SHORTLY before Christmas I was in the usual frame of mind, waiting out what ends little presents to buy my eldest son aged fourteen when I heard whispers about a completely different type of game that could be played between two players. I did not even know the name of the game but was told that Publisher Software was selling it so I contacted Peter O'Connor. He is used to me approaching him at the Northern Dragon Show, trying to encourage software for review in updates but soon became more affable when he realised that I was trying to be a paying customer. At first he said that they had no new games software but then said that it must have been *Spy Against Spy* that I had heard about. When I explained that I was to be a parent he agreed to let the boy's copy as it was playable although not quite ready for marketing. He also promised me a completed review.

I arrived and having booted the disk I was greeted with the usual high standard of Dragonsoft musical accompaniment and pressed the left button to access the one-player option. Playing against the computer I will first explain the general idea of the game but later very carefully in full so that only once you take the part of a spy searching for various items hidden through out a very large building. At first you do not realise quite how many items there are but soon you realise that the television set is in a different part of the room or that the wand is in the opposite end of the picture in that room. In fact there are 100 items altogether: can game with cupboard inter-locks (?!), and chests of drawers etc.

Stepping out is very difficult for this game as you have to move fairly quickly and also keep an eye on what your opponent is doing. Some doors can only be passed through if

you have found the key. The key and the other items cannot be seen but are obtained by moving to the position of furniture etc and pushing the joystick forward, the only being later if it is there. The screen is split into two with the computer on the second player using the top half of the screen. At first some rooms appear to have no exit but if you notice a slight change in the middle of the bottom portion of your part of the screen and you realise you can move in but at the room. The first player to find all the items, their mission by going through a certain door to be whisked away safely in a helicopter. However you are allowed a limited number of turns and water traps with which you can take the items off your opponent.

To tell these items and traps you must either push the joystick forward or pull it back depending on which type you want to see and then press the button to tell it with the passwording that you can do this if it is not passworded properly. Also if the second player discovers an item that the other has already found then he takes it and the first player loses it. The first version that I played with had unlimited turns and speeded up in a mass bombing mission with nobody getting anywhere but now (as has to play more to play a better, objectively as only one will explain if you should immediately play more than one in the same room at once).

Scoring is based on discovering the items first and also bombing your adversary. Points are awarded to the first person to find all the items and you also get points every time you find your opponent. The time for your mission is approximately 100 and a half minutes. As the game is a lot but before the it is not as hard only because it is a computer game and there is no time limit. I played it by playing it myself (as the game code). The graphics are not brilliant but this is more than made up for by the simplicity of the game and the fact that it is even more simple than the Dragon although I wonder whether some really have such large rooms. Can they be taken

when moving forward or backwards through rooms as it is easy to move too far and miss a room.

At times I found it difficult to pick up the hidden objects even though I know where they are. I will give the author the benefit of the doubt that this is to simulate searching through drawers. One touch I did appreciate was that if you found the key and entered one of the locked doors you were not prevented from removing your footprints if the other player gets the key off you.

This shows the thought that has gone into the game as it would have been completely ruined if one player had been trapped behind locked doors. To summarise this is a good two-player game which is a study in itself but playing against the computer is not as realistic unless foreign spies are being recruited because they are not very intelligent. Worth it though for the two-player version and sure to be able to prove by itself.

Mike Scott



A real racer

Program: Formula One (Type or DragOS disk)
Price: £9.95

Supplier: Ascension, John Price

HOT on the heels of the old and hot Speed Racer comes the new Formula One by our dear Publisher. If you do not know what you bought, Speed Racer from the late Microdeal and will have I thought that the super smooth graphics and scrolling track were superb but let me tell you that Formula One is even better. This review is for the tape version but I think the disk is identical.

The game is identical to Graham's for the (I say it) Spectrum. It is a high speed race the other on the bottom. You can't play against a friend or the computer. There is also a 'Track Designer' on tape 8, which is also on Spectrum.

The game is in machine code and is loaded by Creative. Amusingly you can transfer to DataDisk disk (instructions on how to do so are given in the manual), or type BASIC to start the game.

First of all, the computer asks you to enter player 1's name, and then player 2's name. If nothing is typed in and ENTER is pressed for player 2 a name identical word later appears in player 2's box and player 1 will play the computer.

Using the right joystick, a little arrow is moved to a selection of boxes marked YES and NO to select various options.

The first option is to select a track already included in the game. Selecting YES shows you the 17 different tracks available to choose from. Selecting the soon YES takes you to a question marked 'LAP 1?' where you type in the number of laps you want to make around the circuit from 1-99. If the option is play the computer was chosen then a message of which difficulty level the more should have appeared. There are 1 Easy (easy to lose), 2 medium (a fair chance) and 3 difficult (very easy for you to lose). After your choice you go into the game.

Selecting NO from the Use a computer track option, takes you into the Load a track option where you can load a track which you have designed using the track designer program. Selecting YES loads the track and selecting NO takes you back to the Use a computer track option.

The screen displays the screen in split into 5 parts. Player 1 in the top half and player 2 in the middle third and the players move to show who they are on the track, and the milestones in the bottom third. The background for the track (the buildings and mountains etc) remains the same for each track and they remain in the opposite direction to which the car is turning to make the feeling of movement. To give the feeling of travelling forward various objects come towards you at the speed of the car. The objects are Corns, Barrels and Sign posts.

continued on next page

Pamcodes

Part five of Pam D'Arcy's Introduction to machine codes

REPLACING the subroutine lines UPWARDH/MUPWARDH with listing 10 updated following last month's techniques of

a) inserting 8 symbols after the 4 where the required generated code is derived with values in the operands

b) replacing addresses 00400-00405 in the corresponding with just an octagon code 003A0-3 PC0

results in listing 10 — a fully working relocatable program-only system

Did you notice an inconsistency in the listing as taken from the book? The line at address 00000 in listing 10 actually has a DECIMAL value of 15 in the operand column so I particularly hope DragonSDS users spotted this before experimenting disaster (if typed in as 15—decimal 21 the yellow blob would be allowed to move across over the disc workspace area, possibly causing the drive(s) to operate and corrupt any unprotected discs currently loaded in them — add-in court disaster by experimenting!)

Instruction detail

Insight over the nature of the instructions used and how you to work out how and why the program works. Basically, unless there are any special parameters — data especially set up in registers or memory prior to the BASIC or GPP or JSP call, the contents of registers and memory for

variables at ready to the base of the RAM instruction set, unless and avoid anything. This is very different from BASIC (the green you cleared variables the first time that a variable name is used) so no problems are encountered if the program code has counter(s) without clearing them first. Clearing or setting up starting values in register(s) variables space as assembler is often referred to as initialising fields, and a certain amount of this is carried out at the start of the program that we have David work upon.

When referring to a location containing 0000 or being cleared this is when all its contents are cleared to 0000. For clarity I usually follow it up with the reference to the word null or 000. This is because zero meaning the untested digit 0 has a decimal value of 48 (0000 48000).

Apart from the special program-number (PC) that is updated internally continuously as the program is running and the octadec code (CCR) register that is updated by most instructions as they are executed values in registers and memory within unchanged until instructions are executed that amend their content

program requirements, or specification. Of these five flags the overflow and overflow flags only need to be considered for less frequently used types of arithmetic that will not be covered until later in the series. The latter is the common flag Negative Zero Carry

If the result of condition is true (the flag is set) — appropriate bit is set (a 1 80r). Thus if a result is negative (the program will follow a BAI path or not follow the BPL path, a Zero result will follow a BEQ path or not follow BNE path, if the condition is untrue the flag is cleared or reset (appropriate bit is set to null and reversed the above path)

The carry condition will be dealt with when encountered in a future example. As well as carry resulting from arithmetic instructions, the flag is often used by programmers as a return parameter to a call, logical into signify that a task or validation checks on data passed to it were successful or otherwise. The BCS (Carry Set) and BCC (Carry Clear) are its associated conditional branch instructions.

Other conditional branch conditions such as BLO and BGE actually act on individual or combined one of the above flag settings but are rarely understood aside in the context of source code where they are usually found following GPP/JSP basic system

For completeness, all flags affected by the instructions described below will be specified

Condition codes

Five of the eight bits (flags) of the condition code register (CCR) are commonly affected when executing instructions. The conditional jump instructions then allow us to vary program paths depending to obtained results to achieve the aims of our

Listing 10

| | | | | | | |
|------|---|-----------------------------|------|-----------------|-----|---------|
| 0001 | + | 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0008 | 0 0 1 1 1 | 00A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0002 | + | | 0010 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00B | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0003 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0012 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0004 | + | | 0014 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00D | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0005 | + | THE YELLOW BLOB - PAGE 04 | 0016 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0006 | + | FROM 00000000 00000000 | 0018 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00F | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0007 | + | BY JOHN & COMILL (1980) | 001A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 010 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0008 | + | COMMENTED TO BE RELOCATABLE | 001C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 012 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0009 | + | 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 001E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 014 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 000A | + | | 0020 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 016 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 000B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0022 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 018 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 000C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0024 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 01A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 000D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0026 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 01C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 000E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0028 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 01E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 000F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 002A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 020 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0010 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 002C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 022 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0011 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 002E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 024 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0012 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0030 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 026 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0013 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0032 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 028 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0014 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0034 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 02A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0015 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0036 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 02C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0016 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0038 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 02E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0017 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 003A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 030 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0018 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 003C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 032 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0019 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 003E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 034 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 001A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0040 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 036 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 001B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0042 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 038 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 001C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0044 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 03A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 001D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0046 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 03C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 001E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0048 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 03E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 001F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 004A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 040 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0020 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 004C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 042 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0021 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 004E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 044 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0022 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0050 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 046 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0023 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0052 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 048 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0024 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0054 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 04A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0025 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0056 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 04C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0026 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0058 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 04E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0027 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 005A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 050 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0028 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 005C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 052 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0029 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 005E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 054 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 002A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0060 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 056 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 002B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0062 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 058 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 002C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0064 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 05A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 002D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0066 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 05C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 002E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0068 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 05E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 002F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 006A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 060 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0030 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 006C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 062 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0031 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 006E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 064 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0032 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0070 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 066 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0033 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0072 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 068 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0034 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0074 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 06A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0035 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0076 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 06C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0036 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0078 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 06E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0037 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 007A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 070 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0038 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 007C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 072 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0039 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 007E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 074 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 003A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0080 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 076 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 003B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0082 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 078 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 003C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0084 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 07A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 003D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0086 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 07C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 003E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0088 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 07E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 003F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 008A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 080 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0040 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 008C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 082 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0041 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 008E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 084 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0042 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0090 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 086 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0043 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0092 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 088 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0044 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0094 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 08A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0045 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0096 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 08C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0046 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0098 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 08E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0047 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 009A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 090 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0048 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 009C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 092 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0049 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 009E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 094 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 004A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00A0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 096 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 004B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00A2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 098 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 004C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00A4 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 09A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 004D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00A6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 09C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 004E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00A8 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 09E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 004F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00AA | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0A0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0050 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00AC | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0A2 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0051 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00AE | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0A4 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0052 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00B0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0A6 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0053 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00B2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0A8 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0054 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00B4 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0AA | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0055 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00B6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0AC | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0056 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00B8 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0AE | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0057 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00BA | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0B0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0058 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00BC | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0B2 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0059 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00BE | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0B4 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 005A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00C0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0B6 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 005B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00C2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0B8 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 005C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00C4 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0BA | 0 0 0 0 |
| 005D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00C6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0BC | 0 0 0 0 |
| 005E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00C8 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0BE | 0 0 0 0 |
| 005F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00CA | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0C0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0060 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00CC | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0C2 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0061 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00CE | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0C4 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0062 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00D0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0C6 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0063 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00D2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0C8 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0064 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00D4 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0CA | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0065 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00D6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0CC | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0066 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00D8 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0CE | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0067 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00DA | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0D0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0068 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00DC | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0D2 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0069 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00DE | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0D4 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 006A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00E0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0D6 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 006B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00E2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0D8 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 006C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00E4 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0DA | 0 0 0 0 |
| 006D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00E6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0DC | 0 0 0 0 |
| 006E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00E8 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0DE | 0 0 0 0 |
| 006F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00EA | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0E0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0070 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00EC | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0E2 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0071 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00EE | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0E4 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0072 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00F0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0E6 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0073 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00F2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0E8 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0074 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00F4 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0EA | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0075 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00F6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0EC | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0076 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00F8 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0EE | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0077 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00FA | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0F0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0078 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00FC | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0F2 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0079 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00FE | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0F4 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 007A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 00FF | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0F6 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 007B | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0100 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0F8 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 007C | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0102 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0FA | 0 0 0 0 |
| 007D | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0104 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0FC | 0 0 0 0 |
| 007E | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0106 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0FE | 0 0 0 0 |
| 007F | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0108 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 100 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0080 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 010A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 102 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0081 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 010C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 104 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0082 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 010E | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 106 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0083 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0110 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 108 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0084 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0112 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 10A | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0085 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0114 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 10C | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0086 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0116 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 10E | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0087 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0118 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 110 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0088 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 011A | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 112 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 0089 | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 011C | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 114 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 008A | + | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 011E | | | |

Instruction analysis

LD Loads register **LD** and **LD** copies a single byte of data into the specified **R** (or register). **LDL** **LDL** **LDL** **LDL** copies two bytes of data into the specified **R** (or double-precision register). The data may be an actual value, where the operand is preceded by **A**, or be copied from one of values two (16 bit) consecutive bytes of memory.

CCR flags: The overflow flag is always cleared—unset. The negative and zero flags are set if the content of the value being copied into the register is either negative or zero (null) respectively. After each the flags are cleared—unset. I will definitely go into bytes, double bytes and negative values in the next issue.

Examples from listing 15 are **LDL R10400**—copies an actual value of 1400 (a memory address) of the start of the last screen into register **X**, **LDL R1000**—copies a count of 2000 (decimal 512) into register **Y**, **LD A R100**—copies the value of the last screen graphics yellow blob (placed 100—Appendix A of the manual supplied with the Dragon computer) into register **A**, **LD W1000** **PCR**—copies the current contents of the two bytes in memory locations **W1000** and **W1001** into register **X**.

ST Stores contents of a register in memory. **STA** and **STB** copies the single byte of data into the specified byte of memory. **STL** **STL** **STL** **STL** copies the two bytes of data into two consecutive bytes of memory.

CCR flags: The overflow flag is always cleared. The negative and zero flags are set if the content of the value being copied into memory is either negative or zero (null) respectively. Otherwise the flags are cleared.

Examples from listing 15 are **STL W1000** **PCR** copies the current contents of register **X** (1400 as just loaded) into the two consecutive bytes of memory address **W1000** (replaces **W1000** and **W1001**, **STA** stores the value in

| Listing 15 | | A: 10000000 00 | |
|------------|------|----------------|------|
| 0000 | 0000 | 0000 | 0000 |
| 0001 | 0001 | 0001 | 0001 |
| 0002 | 0002 | 0002 | 0002 |
| 0003 | 0003 | 0003 | 0003 |
| 0004 | 0004 | 0004 | 0004 |
| 0005 | 0005 | 0005 | 0005 |
| 0006 | 0006 | 0006 | 0006 |
| 0007 | 0007 | 0007 | 0007 |
| 0008 | 0008 | 0008 | 0008 |
| 0009 | 0009 | 0009 | 0009 |
| 0010 | 0010 | 0010 | 0010 |
| 0011 | 0011 | 0011 | 0011 |
| 0012 | 0012 | 0012 | 0012 |
| 0013 | 0013 | 0013 | 0013 |
| 0014 | 0014 | 0014 | 0014 |
| 0015 | 0015 | 0015 | 0015 |
| 0016 | 0016 | 0016 | 0016 |
| 0017 | 0017 | 0017 | 0017 |
| 0018 | 0018 | 0018 | 0018 |
| 0019 | 0019 | 0019 | 0019 |
| 0020 | 0020 | 0020 | 0020 |
| 0021 | 0021 | 0021 | 0021 |
| 0022 | 0022 | 0022 | 0022 |
| 0023 | 0023 | 0023 | 0023 |
| 0024 | 0024 | 0024 | 0024 |
| 0025 | 0025 | 0025 | 0025 |
| 0026 | 0026 | 0026 | 0026 |
| 0027 | 0027 | 0027 | 0027 |
| 0028 | 0028 | 0028 | 0028 |
| 0029 | 0029 | 0029 | 0029 |
| 0030 | 0030 | 0030 | 0030 |
| 0031 | 0031 | 0031 | 0031 |
| 0032 | 0032 | 0032 | 0032 |
| 0033 | 0033 | 0033 | 0033 |
| 0034 | 0034 | 0034 | 0034 |
| 0035 | 0035 | 0035 | 0035 |
| 0036 | 0036 | 0036 | 0036 |
| 0037 | 0037 | 0037 | 0037 |
| 0038 | 0038 | 0038 | 0038 |
| 0039 | 0039 | 0039 | 0039 |
| 0040 | 0040 | 0040 | 0040 |
| 0041 | 0041 | 0041 | 0041 |
| 0042 | 0042 | 0042 | 0042 |
| 0043 | 0043 | 0043 | 0043 |
| 0044 | 0044 | 0044 | 0044 |
| 0045 | 0045 | 0045 | 0045 |
| 0046 | 0046 | 0046 | 0046 |
| 0047 | 0047 | 0047 | 0047 |
| 0048 | 0048 | 0048 | 0048 |
| 0049 | 0049 | 0049 | 0049 |
| 0050 | 0050 | 0050 | 0050 |
| 0051 | 0051 | 0051 | 0051 |
| 0052 | 0052 | 0052 | 0052 |
| 0053 | 0053 | 0053 | 0053 |
| 0054 | 0054 | 0054 | 0054 |
| 0055 | 0055 | 0055 | 0055 |
| 0056 | 0056 | 0056 | 0056 |
| 0057 | 0057 | 0057 | 0057 |
| 0058 | 0058 | 0058 | 0058 |
| 0059 | 0059 | 0059 | 0059 |
| 0060 | 0060 | 0060 | 0060 |
| 0061 | 0061 | 0061 | 0061 |
| 0062 | 0062 | 0062 | 0062 |
| 0063 | 0063 | 0063 | 0063 |
| 0064 | 0064 | 0064 | 0064 |
| 0065 | 0065 | 0065 | 0065 |
| 0066 | 0066 | 0066 | 0066 |
| 0067 | 0067 | 0067 | 0067 |
| 0068 | 0068 | 0068 | 0068 |
| 0069 | 0069 | 0069 | 0069 |
| 0070 | 0070 | 0070 | 0070 |
| 0071 | 0071 | 0071 | 0071 |
| 0072 | 0072 | 0072 | 0072 |
| 0073 | 0073 | 0073 | 0073 |
| 0074 | 0074 | 0074 | 0074 |
| 0075 | 0075 | 0075 | 0075 |
| 0076 | 0076 | 0076 | 0076 |
| 0077 | 0077 | 0077 | 0077 |
| 0078 | 0078 | 0078 | 0078 |
| 0079 | 0079 | 0079 | 0079 |
| 0080 | 0080 | 0080 | 0080 |
| 0081 | 0081 | 0081 | 0081 |
| 0082 | 0082 | 0082 | 0082 |
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| 0090 | 0090 | 0090 | 0090 |
| 0091 | 0091 | 0091 | 0091 |
| 0092 | 0092 | 0092 | 0092 |
| 0093 | 0093 | 0093 | 0093 |
| 0094 | 0094 | 0094 | 0094 |
| 0095 | 0095 | 0095 | 0095 |
| 0096 | 0096 | 0096 | 0096 |
| 0097 | 0097 | 0097 | 0097 |
| 0098 | 0098 | 0098 | 0098 |
| 0099 | 0099 | 0099 | 0099 |
| 0100 | 0100 | 0100 | 0100 |
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| 0261 | 0261 | 0261 | 0261 |
| 0262 | 0262 | 0262 | 0262 |
| 0263 | 0263 | 0263 | 0263 |
| 0264 | 0264 | 0264 | 0264 |
| 0265 | 0265 | 0265 | 0265 |
| 0266 | 0266 | 0266 | 0266 |
| 0267 | 0267 | 0267 | 0267 |
| 0268 | 0268 | 0268 | 0268 |
| 0269 | 0269 | 0269 | 0269 |
| 0270 | 0270 | 0270 | 0270 |
| 0 | | | |

Expert's Arcade Arena

Writer for The Expert on Dragon Quest
12-12 Little Magazine 88
1 edition (1971) 1988

Hi Mike! Once again it's Another Award Time and this is, of course, (official) time to remind you that you're a pretty official. The wonderful time you and eleven others birthday stars go to celebrate this prodigious and historic occasion. I am pleased to present this rather splendid Mylar Man map to your observability. (How can we have it in just two weeks please? Give greatness? Please! comes off on the weather. Hahah.)

My thanks to Philip Thomas for the map
legend and accompanying notes. He must
have sacrificed a few days' work to pro-
duce it.

1. The objects that can be carried are: a yellow key, a blue key, a shield, a ladder and a treasure.
2. Doors labelled with numbers can be passed through if you carry one of the above objects.
3. Doors labelled with letters can be passed without difficulty.
4. Once you have walked through any of the numbered or lettered doors, you will find yourself in the corresponding island with the same labelled or numbered door; eg. should you pass through door 1 in screen A1, you would find yourself by door 1 in screen A2, etc.
5. Doors marked by dotted lines are 'one way' doors and only appear when you pass through them from the other side of the screen.

space. For example, door V is screen E1C9 and only two resulted from door V in screen E1. E. There are three doors marked on the map above, see available, which are:

Excerpts from the book:

To access these doors you must find the ladder and drop it onto the platform above the door, then climb down the ladder and use the door as normal.

7. On screens C1 and 5, the letter 'I' by the ladder indicates that the ladder is invisible. The skulls which can be found distributed randomly throughout the screens generate energy. Though it is not advisable to use them unless your energy is low, in case you should need more energy later.

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CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS: The Supreme Court's decision in *Grain Processing v. United States*, 491 U.S. 108 (1989), held that the government's seizure of grain processing facilities was constitutional under the Fifth Amendment's Takings Clause.

PORE: MANGA-LITP

Thanks again Phil and now for
Democrat Chris which is a game that I
played last a couple of So I can't remember

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THERE IS A SUBTLE SHIFT IN THE
ARTIST PARADIGM

Well, that just about wraps up this month's column. I wanted to squeeze in a few *Conan* items and definitely have control games on my mind for the second time lucky as they say. I'll be back next month with a few items when once again it will be April month. This is not only because it is an excellent and very popular game, but also due to the fact that every time I mention the game, I receive a volume of e-mails from you. Stayin' new. *Archie*
Archie *Archie* *Archie* *Archie*

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BOSTON, MASS.

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| | |
|--|----------------|
| 84-28C-43 (Extended Book) | \$14.95 |
| This set is a 128-page, soft-bound book containing 2000+ 1/2" x 1/4" microfiche frames (1000 frames, window marked side, opening) spanning 1970-1984. Includes index (see 84-28C-42). | |

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HELP/UTILITY (1/1/00)
 Change your character and stats, save
 BATTLE/Status screen (F5), and more options

REPRODUCIBILITY **0.0000**
 Use Computer when printing: [See printer's doc.](#)

BOOKS LITERATURE **01.000**
Following these programs, students are required to complete a series of assignments, including a research paper, a book review, and a final exam.

| STRUCTURALITY | 1990 |
|---|------|
| STRUCTURAL INDEX for the Group: Above average | 1000 |
| STRUCTURAL INDEX for the Group: Below average | 1000 |

COMPLIANCE **RECORD**
 1. **COMPLIANCE** **RECORD**
 2. **COMPLIANCE** **RECORD**

Full Text Available: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1371111/>

Although various strategies for network selection are being investigated, *Hybrid* is selected as the baseline, representing a reasonable approach among today's methods. *Hybrid* incorporates *Hybrid* as a distributed system, using peer-to-peer communication.

[illegible]

| | |
|--|--|
| <p>1995-1996 International Year of the Teacher United Nations UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization 1995-1996 International Year of the Teacher United Nations UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization 1995-1996 International Year of the Teacher United Nations UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization</p> | <p>1995-1996 International Year of the Teacher United Nations UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization 1995-1996 International Year of the Teacher United Nations UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization 1995-1996 International Year of the Teacher United Nations UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization</p> |
|--|--|

WEDNESDAY

[illegible]

WILSON, J. W. 1994. *Journal of Fish Biology* 45: 107-114.

[illegible]

Figure 1. The effect of the number of trials on the number of correct responses. The number of correct responses was significantly higher for the 10-trial condition than for the 5-trial condition. Error bars represent the standard error of the mean.

DENSO SOFTWARE

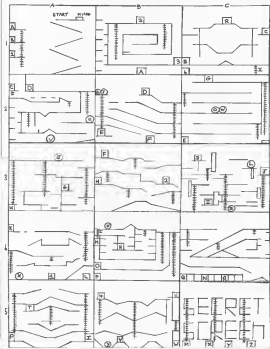
[illegible]

HARRIS MICRO SOFTWARE

44 Alexander Road, Hounslow, Middlesex, TW3 4HP Tel: (0181) 570 8335

MODULE MAN

by
Philip
Thomas



Circuits on screen

D A Craig presents a program which draws up electronic circuit diagrams for designers

HAVE (I've been interested in electronics for some twenty six years) I have built various projects all of which of course started off as a diagram on paper. This program was developed to help produce a reasonable diagram as well as help the learner to program using my Dragon 32. The program just grew as I thought of more facilities to add and it has the result.

The cursor is a point which starts off in the centre of the screen, it is hidden by the arrow keys. By holding down the shift key and using the arrow keys the cursor jumps in steps of 30 screen points. The cursor halts stop less than and greater than keys move the cursor to the four corners of the screen and by pressing up the cursor goes to the centre. On pressing L for LINE the cursor moves key up three solid lines. To reformat horizontal lines C enters opposite the point reappears after slightly a correction. If you need to sub-plug a diagram of a line press C for IPANES and go over the line again.

There are 50 different symbols stored in 5000 byte memory by a letter A to Y in two groups. Also there are six rounded components in vertical and horizontal planes group 3. The size and angle of the symbol in groups 1, 2 and 3 are selected by the numbers 1 to 4 for size and 1 to 4 for angle. To enter a number for example you move the cursor to where you want the number group. Press C followed the group press A to select the symbol and press 1 to 4 to select size and finally 1 to 4 for angle position the number in steps of 90 degrees. Should you make a mistake a sound is produced and an error message appears telling you what you did wrong and resetting back to the drawing screen so you can repeat the selection. The sound components are activated by pressing 3 and the keys A to L, again if you make a mistake an error message sounds up.

Wipe out

If you find that you have drawn the wrong symbol a gap can be erased by pressing the * key provided the further movement of the cursor has been made. Otherwise you will have to wait for the large slow-speed routine which is necessary first moving the cursor to the top right of the part to be wiped out. Pressing CLEAR erases the drawn arrow which shows a line down the extent to the bottom of the component you wish to erase. Now press shift arrow key until the arrow is complete. The entire screen can be wiped out by pressing the = key and following the appropriate action to the printed question.

A symbol page is available by pressing the ? if you have not drawn anything the guide pages for all three groups appear, or if needed you have selected a group then only that group page comes up. Groups 1

and 2 have two pages of typical guide the second page showing the pressing H or if the group is pressed the program goes back to drawing mode after a delay.

The diagram can be rotated by the first routine as well as basic horizontal mode by pressing F and then in accordance with the instructions selecting H or R. The cursor disappears but mode but pressing shows it for a few seconds. The space bar gives a space in the line mode. To exit press ENTER.

After your diagram has been drawn pressing B starts the screen save sequence. Instructions are explanation and the screen is recorded as a machine code file onto the cassette.

The tricky bit

Now comes the tricky bit. After the CDR-DRAW program I have a screen dump program on the tape and by pressing P another instruction page appears giving you the print diagram procedure. Originally I had a basic screen dump routine but it took time taking approximately 30 minutes to print out a screen and a printed version on black which was hard on printer floors and the printing was rather small. So I had out a program for a machine code dump originally written for a standard 1024 pixels and published in the November 1985 Dragon User. My print letter (Suzuki Kaga 810) which is Dragon compatible as is the Dragon printer, allowed it to be original article. This was much better although I could not separate the screen components the CDR-DRAW program. The solid on I came up with was as described in the first button page which appears on pressing P. The screen dump program is loaded and auto runs pressing C. A first message on to go back and check or make modifications is given by pressing H.

The screen dump program attached to the screen dump is the one published in the July 1984 Dragon User (thanks you Brian Gedge). Now for a later explanation of how the program itself works.

Lines 1 to 3 are just facilitate in easy recording routine while the program was being developed. You may recognise them from the book The Missing Dragon. The lines 10 to 300 print the instruction page instruction pages and saved the diagram load or instruction display load files.

There are various facilities available and these are selected in the lines 300 to 750 by the very useful line key function. An sub-routine routine on the arrow keys moves the cursor around the screen with ability to jump to five different locations - to the four corners and the centre by using the full stop, greater than key for bottom and right and comma and less than key for bottom and left. The up key is used to bring the cursor back to the centre

The cursor jumps twenty screen points by using the shift key along with the arrow keys.

Each symbol has a different letter and by using the letters A to Y a draw string table for each symbol giving the symbols is made up. These tables can be made up in its groups to provide as many symbols as you require bearing in mind of course the memory used. The group 1 symbols are completed in the lines 750 to 1000.

We must be able to select which symbol to draw so the lines 1000 to 1050 select which letter is chosen and puts into 25 the draw string corresponding to the chosen letter. The 25 options and letter code to be executed in the first draw command.

Size and angle of the symbols are decided in the lines 1050 to 1100 along with an appropriate error list for each function. While the lines 1100 to 1150 make the necessary conversions from numerical values to the draw format for the draw function.

Lines 1150 to 2750 are just test pages giving details of what letter is what symbol in group 1 with the draw strings for group 2 and the group 2 letter guide. A useful trick in the coding of a letter detection routine with a delay loop giving the user the ability of pulling up the second information page with a single key. The first page contains the required information the program returns to the drawing mode automatically after the delay.

Next come the various components such as coils, valves, transformers etc. There are six different draws with the circle line and draw commands. Because there are no length in line commands the circle or line functions (these components are drawn in vertical or horizontal planes selectable by the appropriate letter) Lines 2750 to 4500 cover the selection of the symbol (up, the sub-routine which draws the components) and the sound components letter guide.

Machine code

The edit drawing section of the program complete. We now return to the cassette save and load options in lines 4500 to 4750. The saving of the diagram is done by recording up machine code the memory locations which comprise the four pages used as the group 4 display. A tape loading routine is provided to prevent accidentally erasing previous diagrams. The diagram you wish to save is given a filename and then the system allows you that recording making plans. To load a diagram from tape you select 1, when you run the program in fully or 0 if you wish to load a diagram while the program is still active. The screen is cleared to white and the diagram is drawn in the intermediate process from the tape.

One drawback with the Dragon II (IIa) is early to produce text on this is two screens, so lines 4000 to 4000 close the numerals and alphabet in a similar way to symbols. The number keys with shift I have used to create special characters such as the real hand ones and these are all listed in the text information pages. Some keys do not

draw anything but give a sound to indicate a blank string.

If you have a degree you discover that some parts are not correct then lines 5000 to 6000 comprise a routine for drawing a line to the right of the section you want to edit and then typing it out. The auto repeat is used on the down and left arrow

keys by pressing the memory which is synchronized with these keys. Once the degree has been drawn labelled and saved the lines 6000 to the end print out the instructions for loading the screendump program will be in the instructions given to go back and check that everything is as you want it before continuing.

```

1 GOTO 0
2 REMARK CHOOSE ONE TO DRAW FROM (Leave "Screen")
3 CLEAR FOR PAGE TWO
40 THE PRINTSCREEN PROGRAM DRAWING PROGRAM
50 PRINT PRINT IF YOU WISH TO LOAD A PREVIOUS PROGRAM CHOOSE TO
60 CHOOSE FROM AND PRESS L (LINE FROM) IF YOU REQUIRE THE INSTRUCTIONS FROM A
70 DRAW PROGRAM AND PRESS R
80 PRINT IF YOU DESIRE TO LOAD SCREEN DRAWING PROGRAM IS IN THE
90 AREA OF (PRINT) PRINT DO YOU KNOW PROGRAM (PRINT)
100
110 ANSWER IF YES THEN 30
120 IF ANSWER THEN GOTO 30
130 IF ANSWER THEN 50
140 IF ANSWER THEN 50
150 CLEAR SCREENS ELSE 50
160 CLEAR SCREENS PROGRAM DRAW ELECTRONIC SYMBOLS AT THE POSITION OF THE
170 SCREEN
180 PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
190 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
200 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
210 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
220 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
230 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
240 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
250 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
260 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
270 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
280 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
290 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
300 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
310 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
320 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
330 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
340 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
350 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
360 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
370 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
380 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
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430 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
440 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
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460 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
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490 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
500 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
510 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
520 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
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770 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
780 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
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800 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
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830 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
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970 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
980 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE
990 PRINT PRINT TO DRAW FROM SCREEN FROM THE (PRINT) - ARROW FROM THE

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[illegible]


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2000 PRINT "*****"
2010 PRINT "*****RECEIVED*****"
2020 PRINT "*****"
2030 FOR I=1 TO 1000 STEP 10: IF NOT THEN GOTO 2040: END
2040 FOR I=1 TO 1000 STEP 10: IF NOT THEN GOTO 2040: END
2050 PRINT "*****"
2060 PRINT "*****"
2070 PRINT "*****"
2080 PRINT "*****"
2090 PRINT "*****"
2100 PRINT "*****"
2110 PRINT "*****"
2120 PRINT "*****"
2130 PRINT "*****"
2140 PRINT "*****"
2150 PRINT "*****"
2160 PRINT "*****"
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2180 PRINT "*****"
2190 PRINT "*****"
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2310 PRINT "*****"
2320 PRINT "*****"
2330 PRINT "*****"
2340 PRINT "*****"
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2370 PRINT "*****"
2380 PRINT "*****"
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2970 PRINT "*****"
2980 PRINT "*****"
2990 PRINT "*****"
3000 PRINT "*****"

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3010 PRINT "*****"
3020 PRINT "*****"
3030 PRINT "*****"
3040 PRINT "*****"
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3060 PRINT "*****"
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3080 PRINT "*****"
3090 PRINT "*****"
3100 PRINT "*****"
3110 PRINT "*****"
3120 PRINT "*****"
3130 PRINT "*****"
3140 PRINT "*****"
3150 PRINT "*****"
3160 PRINT "*****"
3170 PRINT "*****"
3180 PRINT "*****"
3190 PRINT "*****"
3200 PRINT "*****"
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3230 PRINT "*****"
3240 PRINT "*****"
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3900 PRINT "*****"
3910 PRINT "*****"
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3940 PRINT "*****"
3950 PRINT "*****"
3960 PRINT "*****"
3970 PRINT "*****"
3980 PRINT "*****"
3990 PRINT "*****"
4000 PRINT "*****"

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[illegible]

[illegible]

Write: ADVENTURE

Pete Gerrard forgets about programming and starts looking for stories

RECENTLY I have been going through my collection of those American science fiction novels (again!) and the last two that I read were *The Gods Remembered* and *The Currents of Space*. Perhaps a better description of these books's star tracks would be science fiction, as both take a plausible, or at least rational, and hypothetical piece of scientific knowledge and weave around it an exciting tale of interstellar and intergalactic shenanigans, with just a little bit of romance thrown in for good measure.

It has often struck me that the science fiction world of adventure games is really lacking, although often came to our rescue (as usual) on regular machines that the (Dragon) with such games as *Planetfall* and *Planetfall 2* both featuring that truly wonderful relative creation known as *Phlog*. *Dragon* (quoting) brings me the bit although I can't see *Phlog* ever letting that old tale in *The Phoenix* like *Dragon* sometimes.

The complaints how few protagonists that rely don't more adventure exist in take their examples from dear old Isaac's methods and concepts presenting adventure based in some way on scientific fact, or something that has repeatedly proposed as scientific fact. *Remembered* starts has to certain found a black hole yet. No one has for certain proved that quarks and gluons exist, but everybody tends to accept them as being essential to proving various theories.

Thus we arrive at a paraphrasing of *Isaac's* usual term: *Interactive Physics*, adventures that start off with a sound being intact or projected, and which take those facts as the basis for an interesting, possibly humorous, certainly different type of adventure game.

With all the lofty attributes to integrate in astronomy from University College London (about four years ago... again) happy Helen (exposed) john.mcc@ucl.ac.uk. I think it's time to wonder through and around one or two science fiction "novels" that could easily be used as the basis for an adventure game, starting with something very close to the plot behind the aforementioned *Isaac's* classic *The Gods Remembered*.

Bar library

In my first year at university we all had to write a report on any unusual aspect of astronomy that interested us, and we all went scurrying to the library (well, to be honest, but the library library search of information and inspiration). It was there that I first read it about black holes, worm holes, and worm holes. What? Finally everyone has heard of black holes, but the others? They have been proposed in several different scientific journals

by a variety of different authors. The theory is simple: if we take the possibility that a black hole exists then what happens is all that energy that is being sucked into the thing? It can't just vanish, that would be breaking several laws of physics, and apart from anything else it would leave us with a universe that was gradually running out of energy (entropy and all that).

So, the theory is that it all travels along a worm hole until it re-emerges via a white hole into another universe. However, if this is the case then other universes must also have black holes which are sending energy to us via worm holes and white holes in order to maintain stability. Why has nobody detected any white holes? Nobody has detected any black holes yet, although there is a strong case for one in the compilation of Cygnus the Swan. A brand fully constructed theory that really explains nothing, but which opens up the path to other universes.



Perpetual universes, alternate universes, call them what you will, but an adventure that starts off with our explorers vanishing down a black hole and emerging into another universe then desperately trying to get back to his own place and time would be an interesting one. In an adventure that just said that if that an you could have something up your other universes, where none of the laws of physics as we know them would necessarily apply. What might be an exceedingly funny aspect in our universe might be very light in another one, although it would still possess the same merits. Well, possibly, anyway you might want to change a little about them just the laws of gravity.

I briefly looked at some of Carl Sagan's more outrageous writings and he's subject of the in other planets, and in particular the planet Jupiter. No-one will be able to prove

his theories right or wrong for many years, perhaps centuries, because Jupiter is a difficult place to explore to say the least. However, an adventure could go there and meet all the strange and wonderful animals that Sagan puts for what are possibly existing in the thick Jovian atmosphere.

The tenth planet

What I eventually concentrated on was the search for the tenth planet. Arthur C. Clarke, another superb science fiction author, repeatedly makes mention of a tenth planet called *Phosphorus*, but what he intends it to be is uncertain as it appears to have no purpose other than doing a story of his in some way off in the future after this tenth planet has been found. According to all the scientific papers I read, there is a strong case for arguing that the Sun is part of a binary system, with its partner being way, way beyond the orbits of Pluto and Neptune. This star is supposed to be visible in the infrared, is supposed to have run out of steam long ago, and could explain some odd peculiarities that will be found in the orbits of the outer planets.

Send an adventurer there, that's what I say, and let him explore this companion star of our Sun. Perhaps it's not a part of nature at all, but some ancient animal put there by explorers long ago. Not very scientifically plausible, but in the world of adventure anything goes. Hopefully somebody has got proved that I have said another story out the nightmarish sort of friend with our Sun. There's a strong case for the existence of that there is for its existence. This is the sort of situation where once again, you could let your imagination run riot and create a whole new world for your adventures to explore. If any of you know more about Arthur C. Clarke's *Remembered* with *Phlog* you'll know the sort of thing. Not only are you exploring an unknown world, but you're also exploring one created by an ancient intelligence, one that has a completely different way of thinking to mankind. Thus you could start problems that require a different viewpoint from normal mankind to be able to solve them.

In my first year at university those of us who had survived the years of student life and coursework were required to write a ten thousand word report on a topic within the astronomical field. We were supposed to be serious students by now, and were not allowed such a free rein with our choice of a subject matter.

A carefully prepared list was presented, and we chose from that I selected a curious group of stars known as *Wolf-Rayet* stars (in honour of their discoverer) which are very close at this end of the

water life cycle but which for some peculiar reason are giving off far more energy than they should. Are they nearer than we thought and giving off normal amounts of energy, in which case the standard way of estimating the distances to the stars is proved wrong, or are they really far away, in which case our theories of stellar evolution could date on a spot of nothing. And they lurk in the darkness of space, most easily brought out after planets? A kind of super-duper Radio One, presumably not playing the same barmy drowsial jingles that occupy our airwaves. Again, send an adventurer there and let him have an explore.

This brings us to the last thing I want to mention in this month's article: the quest towards an other planet. These people in the space shaverdays have asked me for my views on this and personally I don't stress personalty. I think that small numbers force me to agree that I'm not sure I'm all that intelligent like everyone in our galaxy. Why, haven't they visited us, you might ask. Well, we haven't visited them, have we and we're supposed to be intelligent.

When you look up on a clear night and see the ten thousand or so stars that we think lie far, far away, then when you look through a telescope at a powerful pair of binoculars and see the countless billions more, who can doubt that there are planets orbiting just some of those stars? There isn't any more in the entire spectral class in our Sun, and presumably I've have planets with oxygen rich atmospheres like ours at a suitable orbit from them, so over the years during which our galaxy has existed I would doubt very much that life hasn't appeared somewhere else.

Life everywhere

In the world of science fiction (go back to the 1940s) there seem to be two very different schools of thought about how the universe might proceed. There is the Asimov view, which has it that in most of the far away spaces that lie started out on our planet and spread onwards through the stars, although he does wear from this in some of his earlier works. Not one intelligent creature is found on any other planet in all those explorations, which

seems a bit odd to me, even if it does give you the opportunity to weave some wonderful tales.

For more prevalent (the scientific view) are all over the place. I must confess that I have always wondered how the odds balance that intelligent life exists on the planet nearest and opposite that that also exists on ours. Do UFOs really exist and if they do, how does this relate to the presence of life elsewhere, coming at for a brief look at it before going away again? Why not an adventure from the other side of the coin where your planet is an alien being exploring earth? What would you do if your first sight of earth was a copy of the Sun newspaper and a radio playing some mindless pop music about a certain his record? Terrorism and girlfriends?

When you think about it, just one adventure involving just one alien and landing just one time here at intelligent beings could be the start of a whole new book. Look how long Star Trek has been a universal favourite. Use for it adventures with me for the libraries and let's see some intelligent interactive fiction appearing on our shelves.



With a wealth of help, which I wish to thank P.D. Smith in Cardiff and Nick Hodge in Bridgewater. We'll be coming back to look at our old friend in this book, but I'll escape this lightly. The game in which I have made these adventures is featured in the Ring and on looking through the voluminous files that contain the Grand Answer To Everything, we find that these three are really looking as far as the particular game is concerned. Does it have a solution sheet? No, no, no. Does it have a hint sheet? Also, a hint sheet is contained in the book.

Do we have the patience and time to sit down and try once again to play the Grand game? No, no, no. And so on. But all of a sudden, Smith and Hodge, to my surprise, played, and I think I might have some time saved me a solution? Oh, I just love education. Anyway, a specific problem from Nick Hodge's that he wants to know what's possible for, and so on, and so on, to know what he has to do in The Answer Game. Haven't I told you before.

My Grand problem (and) even further and since he puts them down in

national order I might as well do the same.

- 1) How do you get the key off the gate?
- 2) How do you deal with the Trog if you're in the forest?
- 3) What use is the Village of the Lost Kestrel?
- 4) Where is the basket? I've been to the Temple of Regeneration but there's no basket there.

As Mr. Smith points out, I have not answered any of I have in previous months. And you're looking at the big brother Mike, he has a lucky dip if you don't have it, but you haven't either. No wonder you're the column over.

So if anyone can help, please, please, as we adventure on.

Before we get back to the post, I shall tell you a little tale about Nick Hodge, taken directly from his letter just to show you what adventures can be like. And I quote: (After many a happy year playing arcade games, I decided to have a go at a few adventures, don't let the Expert have about a thought) (Don't worry Pete, your secret

is safe with me.) From that fateful day my life has changed dramatically. No longer a just shooting stars, but now EXHAUSTIVE CHEST OPEN CHILL and GET THROUGHTS has entered my vocabulary. A few weeks ago I was content with the fact that the machine happened, I got stuck. Now a BUSH COMPUTER and HEADBUTT WALL go I write to you for HELP. I might help if I told you all of my problems, but I decided against that. I don't think the world is ready for my problems yet. But here are my adventures on the way.

First of course, Problems? You think you've got problems? Have you ever tried to experience a state-of-the-art policeman (yes, it's a long walk to the front room of a house that used to be a police station) in a house on the (old) way a drunken policeman, stood on a stool, in trying to make a rest at your head? Just one of many little problems that you must overcome before you can become a true adventure person. Strange enough, I've never been back to that particular house, I don't begin to think why.

Back to adventures and how the old friends love to crop up in the book, writes

Male: Have we just said up the air without a meeting in your hand? Indeed, no you. What is the use of the sentence? If in a sentence you mean the hand then it is used for hand-to-hand does anyone? What is the word to follow? For it already all grouped. What is the use of the sentence? (Pause) And a new last paragraph

[illegible]

He therefore would not negotiate with anyone who refused his terms, and would not allow his forces to be divided.

Hilary M. Jones, *University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill*

To take us into something completely different, we have a letter from one Chris Campbell, a Scotlander. Anyone who lived for a year with Yours definitively must be in with a sporting chance of getting mentioned in this column. I shall quote him in his letter because it brings us to every member's door. Thanks, indeed!

[illegible]

First of all, go back to the agent. Client wants something of great interest to my audience to advertise with or with this plan. Perhaps to begin with if anyone is involved in doing the programming for Client's class then they're probably in contact with the Great Western Southern M2 MRP or related. Any interested Party who will work for the class they might also work to do this. Not a sure

Abstract | **Introduction** | **Methods** | **Results** | **Discussion** | **Conclusion** | **References** | **Supplementary Information**

Quitting an adverb is given published a big one thanks to the fact that it improved from getting a novel released. The adverb is fairly commonplace and instead playing a good impression should be less reading a novel novel. To take the similarity further you can replace it with any business and not get a huge day-to-day for anyone to be sure to them. An example of the business is business are equally relevant in their own advertising. There are negotiations, receiving, people, technology, and if you've got any sort of retirement from you don't be forgetting to be in business. www.1000.com

So I can't recommend any company to approach. They know the companies that are currently very big in the adventure field. And this is the only way to do it.

Text or share friends and teller their story before it comes to writing an advertisement. An enlightened manager will allow the CEO and I have co-written advertisements together with him coming up with his stories and information and input during the initial programming. This required me to be as well as writer. He is a better person than my own, and I am a better programmer than WCF he is, so we can combine our strengths.

However, all thoughtful efforts were both immediate, and I think to some that are produced some effective positive results, but never followed with sustaining greatness simply because neither of us had ever entered the necessary realm to agree in order to produce something truly brilliant. This is why I get back to Clark's point. I think it is better to submit a document to a company that you know from previous efforts are capable of producing the goods. As I'm currently going through the motions of doing just that myself, let's take a look at a few examples... — me!

Like a lot of people most do from time to time, I started writing a novel. This was given in two chapter stories to attract for good timing, and after a while was invited into the parent club, suggested that I should make a good subject are given. My writing shifted slightly before I wrote the sort of plot that could easily be adapted in the advertisement and, and then we both realized that I should make not just a good but a superb adventure game. Writing on the novel stopped, writing on the adventure

His New York Times adventures published but soon realized that this was one career where we were not going to be doing the programming. As a programmer I knew what could and could not be done. I had been doing his show but not by him. As a result of this, we said it better to be seen

a sister's different house followed up by a phone call, and they agreed to submit a disclaimer to *Proquest*. Again, as a program manager, I know the sort of thing that I would want to pass and so I became more at ease. This is where I would imagine that so many good adventures do not get off the ground. I would be talking to Peter Knight of *Leeds* (the real name dropping) who estimated me by saying that *Proquest* could get checks for advertisements that last for many pages, all of them *Proquest* advert. It does not do your chances any good at all if you are forcing someone to make through what might be completely out of his range. Spending most of his and getting out of there should also be a consideration.

Our surveys, notes and the word game (15 total per table) are all three fast, have been typed up on a different sheet of paper (and printed out twice I might add) on my word game machine were reviewed and submitted to the game were ready to enter right in my travel kit complete with what and how many description. Objects like are usually located these problems to be solved and possible inputs by the player are also not done on a hand sheet.

A separate section of the Synopsis Field, each with every problem (together with the solutions) has problem-independent cross-referencing back to the top part of the Synopsis. A third section has a list of objects and their uses, again cross-referenced back to the top part. A fourth section contains a detailed solution, while contains the maps for the game, and finally we produced an introductory booklet on using the characters used in the synopsis and the background to the plot of the game.

1111

A mammoth task, which has taken quite some time to do, but the end result is an impressive document which (we hope) will be looked at with far greater respect than a few fairly old sheets of A4 which is (mostly) junk. A&P Files have not failed I don't know how long it's been since I've finished the job but I hope days after I've finished the job it will prove that we can do it and we're finished! On the subject of A&P...

So, Mr. Carrozzini and myself are thinking about submitting an article or an editorial in a leading company magazine that first of all with a brief outline and if any event is expressed A.F.I.L. and they say for editorial: all syndicates you know what you've got to do. And keep a copy of all documents, can responsibility etc. etc. if you think your programming requires it, you go it then by all means do everything you want! However, it never dawned on my mind to suggest that you're not capable of doing something both of us know that we could never program this game, but we do know I feel it's a cracking adventure, and between the two of us we've come up with something which is more than twice as good as anything that either of us could do individually.

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numbered card. Now, each time that the time sounds the ace will change from an even to an odd position or vice versa. So as the two chess are being made simply count odd, even, odd, even, and so on. When this is done you will not know the absolute position of the card, but you will know if it is in an odd or an even numbered position. If it is odd then you can safely state that the key K can be pressed to remove the right hand card. Similarly if the ace ends up as even, then the left hand card should be removed. When you ask for one final switch to be made, this places the ace in the central position of all five remaining cards. So after a great show of concentration eliminate the left and then the right hand cards, the ace will be left behind, and he trick can be brought successfully to its conclusion.

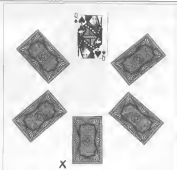
For a more subtle presentation of the trick the sound instruction can be removed from the program being, but if this is done you must be sure of being able to hear the actual keys as they are being pressed.

Competition

Shown here are six cards taken from a standard pack. They have been dealt as shown and one of the cards has been turned face up. Can you determine the values of each of the cards from the following information (Ace = 1, Jack = 11, Queen = 12 and King = 13)

1. The sum of the values of the two cards to the left of the queen

2. The queen plus the two cards either side of her sum to the same total as card X plus its two neighbours



The total value of all six cards is 52 (the sum of the values of the cards)

There is one pair of cards of equal value (which may or may not include the queen) — and one pair only

There is a 4 among the cards, but it is not

The card one place clockwise from X

It seems to tell you the value of card X, you should be able to determine the values of each of the cards!

..... but can you do it without this information?

The Answer

This is Gordon Lee's own solution to the January competition — see page 221 or results

Answer: A=1007 (10+070000) and B=1492 (10+221712)

SOLUTION The two values for A and B must both be in the range 1000 to 9999 as they both have seven digit squares. If both values were generated independently there would be over four and a half million permutations possible so much as necessary words eliminated by first selecting only those values possible for A before considering B as all for example we know that the last digit of A must

correspond with the first digit of A squared. Also, A squared must have a 7 as its third digit and end as its first.

In the basic variable B1 is the square of A, and the string variables B1C and A2 are their string equivalents. Because of the ghost character placed by the Dragon at the head of any string variable created by the STPA command the second instruction in lines 110 and 130 removes it.

This makes the programming much more logical as the first character in the

string is now the first digit in the number, and so on.

Lines 140 to 160 test each string to check that interlocking digits correspond and only give a possible value for A has been found since the program checks for any 'B' values. This is done in the same way as with the A variables, except that B2 and B3C are the corresponding variables holding the value of B squared.

Only when all eight interlocking digits pass the test will the result printed out at line 280.

```

100 FOR A=1000 TO 9999
110 AA=STPA(AA,AA+STPA(AA,2)
120 SC=AA*AA
130 BB=STPA(BB,1,1)+STPA(BB,2,2)
140 IF B1C(1,1)=A,1,1 AND B1C(2,1)=A,1,1 THEN 280
150 IF B1C(1,2)=A,1,1 AND B1C(2,2)=A,1,1 THEN 280
160 IF B1C(1,3)=A,1,1 AND B1C(2,3)=A,1,1 THEN 280
170 FOR B=1000 TO 9999
180 BB=STPA(BB,1,1)+STPA(BB,2,2)
190 IF B1C(1,1)=A,1,1 AND B1C(2,1)=A,1,1 THEN 270
200 SC=BB*BB
210 B2B=STPA(B2B,1,1)+STPA(B2B,2,2)
220 IF B1C(1,1)=B,1,1 AND B1C(2,1)=B,1,1 THEN 270
230 IF B1C(1,2)=B,1,1 AND B1C(2,2)=B,1,1 THEN 270
240 IF B1C(1,3)=B,1,1 AND B1C(2,3)=B,1,1 THEN 270
250 IF B1C(1,4)=B,1,1 AND B1C(2,4)=B,1,1 THEN 270
260 PRINT A; " " B; " " SC; " " B2B
270 NEXT B
280 NEXT A

```

